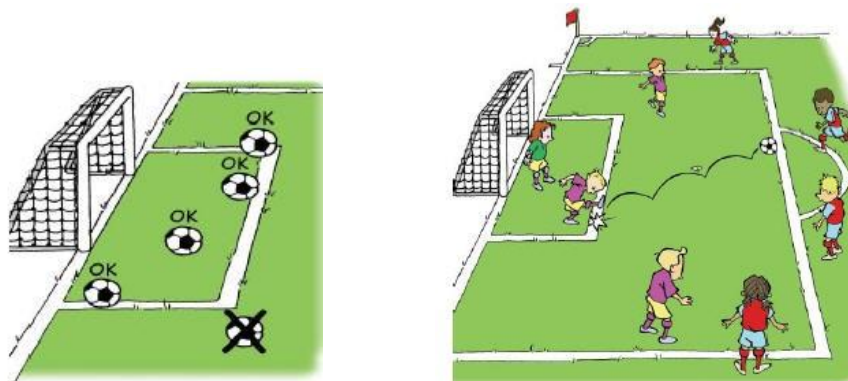


LAW 16 – Goal Kick



PROCEDURE

- When the ball passes completely over the defending team's Goal Line and was last touched by an attacking player, and a goal was not scored, it shall be put into play by a kick taken:
 - by a player of the defending team,
 - from a point anywhere within the Goal Area.

OFFSIDE

- The **Offside Law 11** does not apply at the taking of a goal kick.

IN PLAY

- The ball shall be stationary.
- The ball is in play when it has been kicked and clearly moves

SECOND TOUCH

- If a player taking a goal kick touches the ball after it has been kicked, but it is touched by another player, an indirect free kick (IFK) shall be awarded to the opposing team.
 - The IFK will be taken from the place where the second touch occurred.

GOAL SCORED

- A goal may be scored directly (first touch) from a goal-kick, but only against the opposing team.
- A team cannot score against itself directly from a goal kick.
- If ball is kicked directly into a team's own goal, the opposing team will restart play with a corner kick.



LAW 16 – Goal Kick

OPPONENT'S POSITION

- All players of the opposing team shall move and remain outside the Penalty Area until the ball has been kicked and clearly moves.
- The goal kick is to be retaken if an opponent:
 - 1) is in the Penalty Area or enters the Penalty Area before the ball is in play, and
 - 2) touches or challenges for the ball before it has touched another player.
- **EXCEPTION:** In the Passers (U-8) and Wings (U-10) divisions all opposing players shall move and remain outside the **Build-Out Area** until the ball has been kicked and clearly moves **[See Law 8]**.
- The goal kick is to be retaken if an opponent:
 - 1) is in the Build-Out Area or enters the Build-Out Area before the ball is in play, and
 - 2) touches or challenges for the ball before it has touched another player.